25,6 V	Nominal voltage
Lithium Iron Phosphate	Technology
BATTERY	ВАТ
Yes	Remote on-off
Yes	General purpose communication port
For parallel and three phase operation, remote monitoring, remote control and sy integration	VE.Bus communication port
For monitoring, alarm or other purposes	Programmable relay
To connect additional loads once the battery has been fully charged: 16 A relay	Auxiliary out put
80%	Maximum battery depth of discharge (DoD)
70 A	Maximum charge current
26,7 V	Charge voltage 'float'
28,2 V	Charge voltage 'absorption'
10 W (island mode operation with AC output lowered to 200 V when load < 50 Watt)	Zero load power in AES mode
15W	Zero load power (W)
0,7 inductive to 0,7 capacitive (programmable)	Power factor range (when connected to the grid)
94%	Maximum efficiency
6000 W	Peakpower
2200 W	Cont. output power at 40°C
2500 W	Cont. output power at 25°C
3000 VA	Cont. output power at 25°C
230 V 50 Hz single phase	AC voltage
50 A	Maximum AC current feed-through
In case of overload the ECOmulti will import power from the grid to prevent system shutdown.	Grid Assist function
BIDERECTIONAL CONVERTER	BIDERECTION

ystem

Remote on-off	Yes
BA ⁻	BATTERY
Technology	Lithium Iron Phosphate
Nominal voltage	25,6 V
Nominal energy at 25°C	2,3 kWh
Nominal capacity at 25°C	90 Ah
Nominal capacity at 0°C	72 Ah
Nominal capacity at -20°C	45 Ah
Battery Management System	Cell balancing, and system shutdown in case of cell over voltage, cell under voltage and over temperature
Cycle life, 80% DoD	2000 cycles
Cycle life, 70% DoD	3000 cycles
Cycle life, 50% DoD	5000 cycles
Max storage time at 25 °C	1 year
0.	OTHER
Display	Graphical display Graphical User Interface (CIII) Ethernet (standard) and Wiff (optional) for remote monitoring and control Data stonage and graphical display on wmx/ctronenergy.com Android and Phone apps
Operating temperature	-20 to + 40°C
Storage temperature	-40 to +50°C
Protection category	IP22
Humidity	95% non condensing
Warranty	System: 5 years Battery: 3 years full warranty plus 7 years prorated warranty
ENCI	ENCLOSURE
Colour	Blue RAL 5012
Weight	Without battery: 28 kg With battery: 60 kg
Dimensions (hxwxd)	475 x 575 x 360 mm
STAN	STANDARDS
Safety	EN 60335-1, EN 60335-2-29, VDE-AR-N 4105
Emission, Immunity	EN 55014-1, EN 55014-2, EN 61000-3-3



Phone: +31 (0)36 535 97 00 Fax: +31 (0)36 535 97 40 e-mail: sales@victronenergy.com Victron Energy B.V. / De Paal 35 1351 JG Almere / The Netherlands www.victronenergy.com







ECOmulti

A simple wall mounted energy storage solution



NighttimeDuring the night the **ECOmulti** is disconnected from the grid. The home is powered by energy stored in the battery. The **ECOmulti** will reconnect to the grid when the battery is discharged.



Battery charging

100% of the surplus PV power. The next day, when the PV array produces sufficient power to supply the loads and to start charging the battery, the **ECOmulti** will regulate charge current to absorb nearly



Discharging during the day When PV output is reduced by clouds or when a power hungry load is switched on, When PV output is reduced by clouds or when a power hungry load is switched on, resulting in no surplus PV power available, battery charging will stop. Insufficient PV power will be supplemented by power from the ECOmulti. In case of overload power will be imported from the grid to supplement power from the ECOmulti (GridAssist function), and system shut down due to overload will be prevented.

Battery fully chargedOnce the battery is fully charged, additional loads (for example the water heater) can be switched on, or surplus power will be exported to the grid.

End of the day

The **ECOmulti** disconnects from the grid about 10 minutes after PV power has become insufficient to provide any charge current. In order to prevent false disconnections due to lack of sun during the day, the inverter/charger also uses an internal timer to predict the end of the day.

When the grid fails, the **ECOmulti** will continue to power the home.

ECOmulti

A simple wall mounted energy storage solution

clear winter day. battery and to power the home, even on a reasonably harvested to recharge the Sufficient energy must be Sizing the PV array

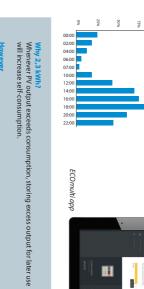
A four person household München) the two person energy conscious household latitude (Seattle, London, Amsterdam, Berlin, would need a 5 kWp array. will need a 2,5 kWp array. At roughly 50 degrees

resp. 2 kWp array will do. Marseille, Sevilla) a 1 kWp latitude (Los Angeles, At roughly 30 to 40 degrees

battery utilization and self sufficiency. not substantially increase feedback into the grid, but A larger PV array will increase

More battery storage Increasing storage capacity

to be enlarged. battery and the PV array have during wintertime both the the summer season. into the grid and increase self capacity will reduce feedback To increase self sufficiency sufficiency, especially during

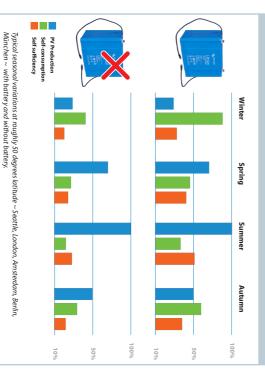




- PV harvest will fluctuate from season to season, from day to day and also within the day.
 Electricity consumption is likewise fluctuating: working days, weekends and holiday
- periods will all result in different consumption patterns.

Energy consumption from dusk to dawn will be 2 kWh or more, even when no energy hungry appliances like a dishwasher or clothes dryer are used. A fully charged 2,3 kWh battery will there fore be discharged before the sun starts shining again. A 2,3 kWh Li-ion battery is an efficient solution for a two person energy conscious household.

The average household with two children would fully utilize a 4,6 kWh Li-ion battery; one additional battery module.



Solar yield

Direct use To Battery To Grid

Consumption: PV array:

2500 kWh per year 2,5 kWp 2,3 kWh Li-ion

Consumption: PV array:

5 kWp 4500 kWh per year

Four person energy conscious household

Two person energy conscious household

mon tue wed thur fri sat sun 13-05 14-05 15-05 16-05 17-05 18-05 19-05



The **ECOmulti** can be wall mounted, is easy to install, easy to program and easy to operate.

Extremely flexible

- AC power can be increased by paralleling **ECOmulti** modules Energy storage can be increased by adding battery modules.
- Three ECOmulti modules can be configured for three-phase
- operation.
- Two **ECOmulti** modules can be configured for split phase operation

More self-consumption, more independence

from the grid. With 2,3 kWh Li-ion storage capacity and a 3 kVA bidirectional inverter, the **ECOmulti** reduces dependence on power

of electricity is increasing, to cover these same costs plus the cost to keep conventional power plants in hot standby to back-up renewable power generation in case the sun is not shining and/or the wind is not blowing. expensive, to ensure stability of the grid as more solar and wind power comes on line. Simultaneously, the retail price decreasing feed in tariffs. Feed in tariffs are decreasing a. o. because it becomes increasingly difficult, and The growing interest in self-consumption is driven by increasing retail electricity prices and simultaneously

The **ECOmulti** meets the German interconnection standard *VDE-AR-N 4105* and the Incentive Program for Solar Energy Storage Systems *Marktanreizprogramm* für Batteriespeicher.

With Intelligent Battery and Load Management the **ECOmulti** can limit power export to the grid to at most 60% of the installed Wp capacity; KfW-Programm Erneuerbare Energien "Speicher"

energy import from the grid by 60% when in stalling a 5 kWp solar array combined with 4 kWh usable energy storage. According to the Fraunhofer-Institut für Solare Energiesysteme (ISE), a household that consumes 4500 kWh per year can reduce

